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WAR STORES SENT THROUGH THE STRAITS-SCHEMING FOR THE POSSESSION OF CON-

STANTINOPLE-ENGLAND AND THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

London, Sept. 10 .- A dispatch to "The Standard" "Eleven shipments of war frem Batoum says: stores have traversed the Dardanelles this year. all volunteer cruisers have taken heavy guns for fortifying Vladivostock. Several foreign vessels bave been chartered to carry stores and munitions. Turkey's yielding to Russia shows that the treaty of Paris is a dead letter so far as 265 to 163. Presia is concerned, as a strong Black Sea fleet is being rapidly collected. The diplomatic triumph of the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople shows plainly how Russia is paving the way to achieve her long-cherished ambition-the possession of Constantinople."

A dispatch to "The News" from Odessa says: The extraordinary fluctuations in roubles in the last ten days have almost brought international commerce to a standstill. Business contracts are impossible. There is little doubt that the Berlin bankers are exercising a sinister influence on Russian exchange, and it is felt that the autumn will bring a serious crisis.

Constantinople, Sept. 10 .- The Porte has neither abjectly apologized to the Russian Ambassador, Nelidoff, nor paid an idemnity for the detention of the Russian vessel Moskwa. The Porte has mefely given assurance against a recurrence of such incidents.

Berlin, Sept. 10.-The "North German Gazette," speaking of the Dardanelles incident, refers to the community of interest between England and the Dreibund, adding: "Even if the interests of Great Breibund, adding: Even if the interests of Great Britain were not everywhere coincident with those of the Dreibund, they are most assuredly newhere opposed to them. Wheresoever it can be shown that the interests immediately concerning England are really in danger, it may be taken for granted that the question as to how far the Dreibund is affected will be considered in the friendliest spirit."

FUNERAL OF MAJOR BUNDY.

A SIMPLE BUT IMPRESSIVE SERVICE IN THE AMERICAN CHURCH IN PARIS.

Paris, Sept. 10.-The body of Major Jonas M. Bundy, "The Mail and Express," of New-York, was embalmed last night, and this morning was taken to the American Church, where a simple but impressive Whitelaw Reld, the funeral service was performed. American Minister; Consul-General King, the staffs of the United States Legation and Consulate, and many prominent Americans belonging to the American colony or now visiting this city were present. Major Bundy's body will be forwarded to New-York for

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 10 .- The following resolu tion was adopted by the Republican State Convention on the death of Major J. M. Bundy :

on the death of Major J. M. Bundy:

Resolved, That the convention has heard with deep grief of the demise last eventing in the city of Paris, France, of Major Jonas M. Bundy, Editor of "The New-York Mail and Express," His gallant conduct in the war, and his continuous services with his pen to the Republican party, greatly endeared him to the whole public. We tender to his family and friends our sincerest sympathy in their loss, and would hold up the character of Major Bundy for emulation by all the patriotic citizens of the country.

THE PACIFIC TENDENCIES OF FRANCE. SPEECH OF MINISTER DE FREYCINET AT A BAN-QUET TO THE FRENCH GENERALS-HIGHLY PRAISING THE TROOPS.

Paris, Sept. 10 .- The banquet given to-day at Van denvre by M. de Freycinet, president of the Council and Minister of War, to the French generals who are taking part in the army manoeuvres and to the military attaches who are watching them, was a brilliant affair, It was apparently selected as the occasion for the Prench Government, through M. de Freycinet, to give niterance to its views upon the peace prospects of Europe. M. de Freycinet, in a speech, made special reference to the pacific tendencies of France. throw light on and to give exercise in the commander in chief. The result showed that the the and divisional commands. This was a very comable result, and he congratulated every one on it, from the soldier in the ranks to the commander-in-chief.

territorial troops would for the first time take part in the army manoeuvres, and he trusted that the generals would continue their efforts to perfect the army, which was the principal element of France's influence in the world. The progress made by the French army was clear evidence of the fact that the Government of the Republic, in spite of surface changes, was capable of long-conceived designs. "Nobody," M. de Freychnet add-d, "now doubts that we are strong or that we shall prove to be wise. We know how to maintain that calmness and dignity in days of misfortune which have paved the way to recuperation. (Loud applause. General Saussier thanked M. de Freycinet for his flattering remarks, which, the General said, all would

M. de Freveinet and the army. The Russian General Fredericks, who is the doyen of the foreign military attaches, proposed a toast to M. de Prevetuet and General Saussier, to the splendid had received the foreign visitors with such cordiality and courtesy. The toust was drunk with great en-

For the 110,000 soldiers gathered about Vandenvre day of burnishing and furbishing; or, as the officers view it, the soldiers have had a "day of rest." The first and second periods of the manoeuvres have ended, and the third period will begin to-morrow. Insting until and the third period will begin to-morrow, lasting until
september 18. The review of the troops who have
taken part in the manocavres will be held on September 17, and will be unusually brilliant and interesting.
President Carnot and list Cabinet will be present, and
crowds of spectators from all over France and from
many parts of Europe, will endeavor to get a good
view of the display. The review will take place on a
vast plain, enclosed between the Occonte, a tributary
of the Marne, and the Marne itself, and about fifteen
kilometres long by three to five wide.

THE BAVARIAN ARMY MANOEUVRES.

Munich, Sept. 10.-Emperor William and Prince Regent Luitpold were in the field at 10 o'clock this morning to witness a sham fight. The western army, under Prince Luitpold's son Arnolph, was victorious. The Emperor congratulated the victors.

THE PROJECTED 3 PER CENT GERMAN LOAN. s, sept. 10 .- It is stated that the Government has abandoned the idea of a new 3 per cent loan, the present 3 per cents remaining much below par. The official press tries to explain this fact by banks with trying to force a redemption of the loans. independent writers, however, have come to the con-clusion that the value of money is such that Germany is not yet ripe for a 3 per cent loan. The next loan, probably at 4 per cent, will not be issued before January.

THE DALY COMPANY IN ENGLAND. London, Sept. 10.—All the London morning papers complain that "A Night Off," which was produced by

Augustin Daiy's company last night at the reopening of the Lyccum Theatre, does not offer scope enough fo Miss Ada Rehan's talent. A LONDON FIRM'S HEAVY LIABILITIES.

London, Sept. 10 .- Alexander & Son, corn brokers of Threadneedle-st., have failed. Their liabilities amount to £1,870,908 and their assets to £27,379. They attribute their failure to losses in speculations in

INDEMNITY FOR CONDEMNED CATTLE. The Hague, Sept. 10.—The international Agricultural Congress to-day pronounced in favor of the payment of a State indemnity to owners of animals condemned to death for tuberculests or pleuro-pneumonia.

THE IMMIGRATION INTO CANADA. Ottawa, Sept. 10 .- In the House of Commons today there was a lively discussion on the immigration Sir Richard Cartwright said that he

A STRONG RUSSIAN FLEET BEING RAPIDLY had spent nearly \$3,000,000 on immigration. An immigration of \$86,000 persons was reported, but the population had increased by only 504,000.

THE TRADES-UNION CONGRESS.

AGE LIMIT FOR CHILDREN-A POLITICAL FEAT-URE-INTEREST IN THE SESSIONS.

Newcastle, Sept. 10.-Among the subjects brought before the Trades-Union Congress this morning was that of the age at which children should be allowed to work in factories. The great majority of the delegates were in favor of raising the limit of age, basing heir arguments upon humane and moral principles. he minority urged that raising the limit would be the means of taking a certain portion of the daily bread out of the mouths of many poor families who could not afford such a loss. Finally a motion to raise the age limit to thirteen years was passed by a vote of

To-day one of the political features of the work before the congress was developed. It arose when the question of paying members of Parliament came up for discussion. It was announced that this question, as well as its kindred questions, those of the payment of members of County Councils and School Boards, would come up prominently at the next session of Parliament, and that the willingness of a candidate for Parliament at the coming general election to vote for which the trades-unionists will decide whether or not to support such a candidate. It will thus be seen that the labor party seems inclined to ignore the old political parties, on the whole, and to support those andidates who will support measures advocated by

the Trades-Union Congress.

Interest in the doings of the congress seems to in crease day by day, and even the most conservative politicians appear to be awakening to the fact that the eliberations of these delegates, representing 1,500,000 workmen, may have a powerful influence upon the politics of the future. The vote yesterday on the amendment to the Eight-Hour law resolution has claied the extremists, as practically overruling the previous "permissive" amendment. The majority of the labor unions have recognized the hopelessness of compulsory Eight-Hour bill passing the House of Commons, to say nothing of the House of Lords, and, consequently, they have adopted a more moderate measure, one outlined in an optional form, as the line of attack likely to meet with the least resistance, and as best calculated to keep labor interests to the front in Parliament and out of it.

ANTI-AMERICAN RIOT IN CHINA. MISSIONARIES' HOUSES DESTROYED - GRAVITY OF THE SITUATION.

Washington, Sept. 10.-The Department of State has received a dispatch from the Minister at Pekin, reporting that a riot has occurred at Ichang, on the Yang-tse-Kiang River, in the province of Hoo Pe, and that an establishment of American missionaries there had been destroyed. No further particulars are given, The gravity of the situation in China increase daily, and the Navy Department is lending its aid to protect American interests in answer to the repre seniations of the Department of State. The Charles ton is now on her way to China from San Francisco, and the Petrel, in the neighborhood of New-York, is orders to proceed immediately to the same destination to strengthen Admiral Bellmap's fleet; but they can hardly reach their destination inside of two months. Particular concern is felt at the Departments in this last riot because of its location. Ichang is about 200 miles further up the Yang-tse-Kiang than Hong Kow, which is as far above the nouth as vessels of war can make their way under ordinary circumstances. In time of high water lightdraft war vessels may get above there, and, in fact, the Ashnelot and the Monocacy have each succeeded in reaching Ichang. But unless there is high water in the river at present, Admiral Belknap will have difficulty in getting a vessel up to the scene of trouble.

AIDING A CANADIAN ELECTION FUND. ALLEGED OFFER OF TWO NEW-YORK FIRMS HAVING DEALINGS WITH THE DOMIN-10N GOVERNMENT.

Ottawa, Sept. 10 (Special).-The inquiry into the Sovernment Printing Bureau scandal was resumed to-The Government representatives intimated that seneral, the superintendent, had not been heard from. He is supposed to be in New-York. C. A. Dansereau of Montreal, testified that he happened to be going to New-York some time ago, and meeting Mr. Chapleau in the street, told him so. Mr. Chapleau asked him to leading ideas of the manocuvres, he said, were to call at the offices of the printing-press manufacturer see about price-lists. Roe Company, got a list and told then supreme command worked satisfactorily as army corps | that Mr. Chapleau said that if they paid any com mission to any one in relation to the purchase their Hoe Company said that the concern never paid com missions on purchases at Washington, but when election times came around they subscribed to the part funds. Witness replied that such subscriptons would be acceptable, and if they wanted to pay anything they could send the money to the political association at Toronto or Montreal.

Wilness next went to the Potte rCompany, of Nex York, and told them the same story. Alonet before he finished speaking, the representative of the Potter Company began to tell him the practice in the United Witness knew that Senecal was Superintendent of the Eureau at the time. On his return, about three weeks later, a Hoe representative came to him and said that the whole thing was in Senecul's hands.

J. Brooks Young, of the New-Lugland Paper Company, Boston, was examined in the matter contract between that corporation and "La Pressa Asked about the arrangement by which was to be credited with one-half the profit gained by the New-England Paper Company on orders for paper given that company by the Government, he answered that, while talking with Berthianme, the latter said: "Do on ever get orders from the Government ?" Witness answered "No," when Berthiaume remarked: "I think can help you, then." That night witness thought the matter over and put into the agreement a clause to the effect that he would give Berthiaume half the

profit on all orders received, believing that it would make Berthlaume diligent in securing orders. Berthlaume signed the contract.

To further questions witness replied, in nearly all cases, either that he did not know or would not swear. At last he suddenly remembered that he had received a letter from Mr. Chapleau, but asserted that it simply referred to his indorsing of the roles. He could not work that he had received a letter from Mr. Chapleau, but asserted that it simply referred to his indorsing of the roles. He could not

Otrawa, Sept. 10.—The Railway Committee of the Senate has prepared its report on the "Act Respecting the Baie des Chaleurs Railway Company." Regarding the charge that out of certain moneys, amounting to \$250,000, anthorized by the Government of the P. g. in te of Quebec to be paid to the company on account of subsidies granted by the Legi-lature, a sum amounting to \$175,000 had been retained and improperly applied to purposes other than the construction and com-pletion of said railway, the committee finds that the harge is proved, and that among those who profited the Province of Quebec: C. A. Pelletier and Ernest Langellor, Francois Langellor, J. I. Tarte and Ernest

THE PRESIDENTE PINTO'S CARGO. Copenhagen, Sept. 10,-1t is reported that, notwithstanding the strict watch kept upon the movements of the Chilian war vessel Presidente Pinto, which recently appeared off this port, she cluded the vigilance of the authorities and successfully shipped her guns, thus accomplishing the object of her visit.

REPORTED SALE OF COMMON. London, Sept. 10 .- It is reported that Common

winner of the St. Leger Stakes, has been sold to the Austrian Government for £14,000 (870,000). This statement may be doubted, as John A. Morris is in England and willing to give \$75,000 for the

MR. STANLEY MAY VISIT AUSTRALIA. London, Sept. 10.—It is understood that Henry M. impley and wife, after visiting King Leopold, will emark for Australia, where Mr. stanley will lecture.

THE GOLD PREMIUM IN BUENOS AYRES. Buenos Ayres, Sept. 10.-Gold closed yesterday at

A STATE FUNERAL FOR EX-PRESIDENT GREVY. Paris, Sept. 10.-The body of ex-President Grevy thought it was time the Government ceased paying was embalmed last night. It will be buried after

THE DARDANELLES AFFAIR. majority of the immigrants leave Canada for the and the other members of the Cabinet, and a large number of Senators, deputies and general officers will

THE ELECTRICAL CONVENTION.

Montreal, Sept. 10.—The session of the National Electrical Association to-day was a dry one, and the attendance was small. The greater part of the session was devoted to the discussion of the report of the Committee on Tabulating, Wiring and Insurance Formula, and to certain rules essential to safe wiring. The report was adopted. Papers were read by Captain Griffin and C. J. Fleid, of New-York, on the electric railway question. The choice for the next place of was deferred until to-morrow. General Stanley arrived here from Ottawa at 1 o'clock, and, after a luncheon, proceeded to the electrical ex-hibition. He was shown around by General Barney, the manager, and expressed himself as greatly sur-prised and delighted at what he saw.

DISTRESS LEADS TO DISORDER IN RUSSIA. St. Petersburg, Sept. 10,-In the Province of Orel bands of peasants are roving over the highways at-tacking convoys of grain and food even where the convoys are escorted by soldiers. Pights are of frequent occurrence and many persons have been killed. Crime is rampant owing to a desire to escape starvation by imprisonment. The jails are crowded with

RUSSIANS AND AFGHANS IN CONFLICT, Vienna, Sept. 10.—Rumors have reached this city that conflicts have recently occurred on the Afghan frontier between Russian and Afghan troops.

BEERBOHM TREE IN "HAMLET." London, Sept. 10.—Recribolim Tree appeared last night in "Hamlet," with Henschel's incidental music. The performance was received with enthusiasm.

THE STORY OF THE KAWEAR COLONY.

HOW THE SETTLERS HAVE BEEN DUPED AND PLUNDERED AND THE LEADERS HAVE MADE FORTUNES.

San Francisco, Sept. 10 (Special).-The Kawenh Colony, in Tulare County, Cal., recently made a plaintive appeal that they had been driven from their homes by the Government, and intimated that the action of the Land Office was instigated by a big lumber monopoly. They excited some sympathy at the East, but the real facts, which have only just been secured by a special agent of the Government, show that, while hundreds of people have been duped In this colony enterprise, the leaders have made a cold-blooded swindle. The main points of the agent's report, which will soon be submitted, are

The Kaweah Co-operative Colony was begun six years ago by forty-one reputable San Francisco men. They wanted to establish a co-operative colony and take up land. The enterprise fell into the hands of J. J. Martin and Burnett G. Haskell, two of Denis Kearney's followers, who were notorious here erooked political work. These fellows induced the riginal members to file an application for timber land povering townships in which was located the big tree grove in Tulare County. When the Land Commissioner was warned of this, he withdrew four township Haskell made a protest, and on the strength of this and of bogus deeds to their claims, secured from a score of original locators, he started the present Kaweah Co-operative Colony, with membership dues of \$500 cash, or \$100 cash and \$400 in labor. Cheap es were built, and the colonists were fed on beans and other inexpensive food. Several hundred flocked in, but they soon became disgusted, as they found Hashell and other directors living well and doing no work, while the poor dupes were laboring like slaves and could not obtain anything but time checks for their Some, with families, were stranded for months before they could leave the place.

For two years Haskell has carried on a newspaper in San Francisco, in which he has issued appeals for colonists and money. He has represented that the colony owns \$10,000,000 worth of land, when it has stand. It is estimated that \$6,000 per month has been received by Haskell and Martin for two years, while the expenses of maintaining the colony have not exceeded \$500 monthly. They have thus cleared over \$130,000, for which they have nothing to show except a warpen road worth \$15,000. They still continue to solicil subscriptions, despite the recent exto solicit subscriptions, despite the recent ex-ire in the Federal courts.

TRIED TO BLOW UP A TRAIN.

LEWIS REMEL ARRESTED IN EASTON FOR VALLEY TRACK.

Easton, Pean., Sept. 10 (Special).-Detective Simons, assisted by Detective Johnson, made an important night on the track of the Lehigh Valley road, near Kennedy, by an engine which had no train attached. The engine was running on the time of a through ex press for New-York, which was half an hour late, st., stored in the name of Coben, and several Had the express been on time, it would have gone rach by the explosion. It was clearly an attempt to wreck the train. Two sticks of dynamite were found beside the track. No clew was obtained, but when Detective Simons saw a stranger on the streets early this evening, he instinctively knew that he was the wrecker. When arrested, the man proved to be Lewis Remel, alias A. L. liarran, alias "the man from Fern." The descrives went up to Bethlehem and late to-night returned with evidence to convict Remel. His trunk was found to be half full of dynamite. Remel denies

He caused an explosion on the Daniel Drew on the

THE TWO WERE STRUGGLING FOR A PISTOL-THE VICTIM WILL PROBABLY DIE.

Ernest E. Niess, the thirteen-year-old son of Calvin Niess, who runs a shooting gallery at the Sca Beach Palace, Coney Island, accidentally shot George Oppenhauer, faurteen years old, of No. 788 Jersey-ave., lersey City, in a room at Fifteenth-st., Concy Island, at 7 p. m. yesterday. Oppenhance was subsequently re noved to the Flathush Asylum, where little or no hope of his recovery was entertained. He stole away from his widowed mother in Jersey City on Monday last, and went to Coney Island. He had no friends there and lived on the charity of the restaurant keepers, sleeping at night under the porches of the hathing paydions and hotels. When his case was brought to the attention of Mrs. Ness, she took young oppenhance into her home and treated him as a mem

Last evening young Niess and Oppenhaner began examining a trunk which conteined among other things a horse pistel. They struggled for the possession of the weapon, and thinking it was not loaded, young Niess pulled the trigger, at the same time saying: "I'll let you see how quick—" The sentence was not completed and the shot entered Oppenhauer's body a Schmidt, merchant tailor at No. 2,443 Third-ave. in application of the same time saying: "I'll years."

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John J. Lynes has been appointed receiver for Konrad Schmidt, merchant tailor at No. 2,443 Third-ave. In the same time saying t fittle above the heart. Niess was immediately arrested, and Dr. Hill summoned to the bedside of the wounded "He is the pluchlest child I ever saw," said the

physician, "but there is no hope for him." Before being removed to the hospital Oppenhauer made a statement exonerating young Niess from any blame in the matter. Niess was locked up at Police Headquarters to await the result of Oppenhauer's

AC' USED APPRAISEES ENTER BAIL.

Houseman, three of the five mercantile appraisers accused of conspiracy to defrand the Commonwealth, entered bail at the house of Magistrate Pole late last night for their appearance at the hearing of the case on Monday. The other two necused appraisers, Messrs. Patton and Hunter, had entered ball early in the

TO ENFORCE THE CHILD-LABOR LAW.

Chicago, Sept. 10 (Special).—The employment of children in stores and factories is to be prohibited. The Mayor this morning sent an order to the Chief of Police and Health Commissioner to make immediate investiga tion of the reports of violations of the Child-Labor law, and to report all cases where such violation, are found to exist.

A BELL TELEPHONE DIVIDEND. Boston, Scpt. 10.-The American Bell Telephon

of the mythical or useless, inasmuch as a great M. de Freydinet, President of the Council of Ministers; ber 15.

HE FLED TO CANADA.

LEWIS STEIN'S CREDITORS CHEATED.

A MANUFACTURER OF GARTERS SELLS OUT AND RUNS AWAY-LEAVING DEBTS OF OVER #25,000.

Lewis Stein, manufacturer of garters and elastic supporters at No. 378 Canal-st, under the style of Lewis Stein & Co., has sold out his business and diappeared, leaving debts reported at over \$25,000. Creditors tried to catch him, but did not succeed, and it is said that he is in Canada. Creditors say that he was last seen at his place of business on September 2.

He sold out his business to George D. Nichols on September 1, for \$1,700, under an agreement which it is said was made last April. Before he sold out the business, he bought large quantity of goods from numerous firms on credit up to August 28, which goods it is said were disposed of for cash or secreted. Deputy Sheriff McGinnis yesterday received an attachment against Stein for \$1,640 in favor of the Osborn & Cheesman Company, and he seized a lot of goods stored in warehouses. Blumenstiel & Hirsch represent about twenty creditors whose claims aggregate over \$10,000, among them being the Osborn & Cheesman Co., \$1,640; Armstrong Manufacturing Co., \$700; Martin Manufacturing Co., \$425; E. Reed Goodridge Co., \$700; George Gurley, \$1,193; American Mills Co., \$780; Edwin Horax, \$440; and George S. Collon, \$450.

Emanuel Blumenstiel said yesterday that there was no doubt that Stein had gone to Canada Mr. Hirsch was likewise positive that Stein had crossed the border, and showed the reporter a letter which had been received by Mr. Nichols from Stein. The letter is as follows:

"Montreal, Sept. 4, 1891." "Friend Nichols: I arrived safely here last night, and have engaged rooms at No. 2,234 St. Catherine st., where you can safely write me to It was my good luck that I met you on your way home the other eve, because otherwise they would surely have gotten me, as I did not know I was in danger of arrest; and my lawyer told me all along that they could not touch me; but it was different when they got your written agreement and he did not know about this written agreement either.

"I had one-half dozen very parrow escapeand luckey ones too as they were after me in Hoboken, where I lived too, they got wind through the P. O., who are in with them, but I did not sleep home that night and took the next morning's train for here and I guess they won't bother me

"I hope they won't find out where I got my stuff left in N. Y., and if they don't, I'll soon begin to sell them here and throughout the States. I mean to sell for you so that you can buy the materials of me after I sold what I got made up and which is not much. I am sorry that I could not send you that silk web for that little order, but I can have it send to you within a week or you could buy a gross assorted from Cook, Valentine & Co., Howard-st., near Crosby, or from Martin & Co., Worth-st., east of B'dy. paid bills will tell theire addresses. I did not get any of my mail yet since I sold out to you, because the P. O. tried to shold them to enable the officers to catch me.

"Oh, I hope and guess this will blow over in a few months and then will be able to come back, anyway I can travel throughout the country for you, as they won't know where I am, and I guess you won't tell. I am sorry that you gave them that agreement, and my lawyer said the same and that they could never have done you anything at all.

"Please write me full particulars what is turning up at home and what they are doing and anything you want to know from me about the new business will cheerfully give it to you L. STEIN. "That I assigned the money you owed me, you

ought to know, was to protect it from others being attached and it does not affect you an Has any more goods come for me? I certainly would not have done this business had I known that I was liable to arrest, etc."

Messrs. Blumenstiel & Hirsch both said yesterday that they had found fourteen cases of goods at Hubbell's warehouse, No. 14 Leonardmore cases of goods in a storehouse in Vestry-st. in the name of H. Stein. They supposed these goods were worth probably \$5,000. They declared it was a deliberate scheme by Stein to Hudson, wrecking several stateacoms, in 1879, and after serving a seven years' sentence, wrecked a Delaware and Hudson train at Platisbarg, N. V., killing several people. For that he got six years. He is a confidence may also, and in 1879 got line the good graces of Lafayette College officials in this city.

ONE BOY SHOOTS ANOTHER.

We hought goods right up to August 27, and story and less than cost for each. Some of the goods he sold in the original packages just as he received them. He was able to obtain ment he made on June 3, claiming assets of \$21,800, and limbilities \$1,000, which he repeated on August 17.

Blumenstiel & Hirsch estimate that Stein owes the second of the received them.

Blumenstiel & Hirsch estimate that Stein over about \$25,000 for merchandise, besides considerable for borrowed money. Stein has been in business here for the last fifteen years, having come from Chicago. Use formerly had a branch at Montreal, but gave it up five years ago. It is said he was a backelor and lived fatterly in Hoboken. Mr. Nichols, who occupied the floor of the building No. 378 Canal-st, under Stein, had, it is said, leased the whole building and had given Stein until Sentember 1 to close out his en Stein until September 1 to close out his

OTHER BUSINESS TROUBLES. Judgments aggregating \$14,025 were yesterday entered against Alexander Herrmann, the magician, it favor of Francis Higgins, as, receiver of the North River on several promissory notes either made

The property of the Lawrence Curry Comb Company at No. 764 Tenth-ave., was sold out by the Sheriff yes

dor-ed by Herrmann. Execution was issued to Deputy

Teale & Morro, dealers in rubber goods at No. 597

supplementary proceedings brought by two creditors, Henry Siebert, jr., and Benry Henrick.

A FISHING PARTY SUSPECTED OF FOUL PLAY. Albany, Sept. 10 .- A disputch from Dresden, this State, says: A party of fishermen from Whitehall, consisting of T. Roach, P. Garrigan and P. Harvey. tarted to come down the lake in a rowboat Thursday when they caught on a tow coming north. Friday orning Reach and Garrigan reported that Harvey was missing. They asserted that he went during the night to take up some nets, and thought he must be drowned. The lake was dragged, and on Monday night the body was found in the water: it was taken to Whitehall. The skull was found crushed in, and indications show foul play. A broken par was found in their boat and the party was heart quarrelling by a canal boatman. The coroner's inquest was held

A BAGGAGEMASTER FOUND TO BE A THIEF. Boston, Sept. 10.-The officials of the Boston and Maine Raffroad have been receiving complaints from

tourists that their trunks and baggage have been rifled in transit. Wells River, Vt., was found to be the station most under susp'eion, and finally Frederick S. parrie, the night buggagemaster at that station, was ar-Many valuables were found in his house, the whole valued at \$1,000 or over. Barrie : his wife to have all the costly things he could get her. He admits selling some jewelry, a portion of

HE WAS DETERMINED TO DIE.

A MANIAC'S STRUGGLE WITH HIS SISTER IN THE WINDOW OF THEIR HOME.

One of the most determined and dramatic attempts

at suicide in recent days was yesterday reported to the police of the Fourteenth Precinct. George Hirschberger, a truckman, thirty-two years old, lives with his widowed mother and brother at No. 162 Seventhst. About twelve months ago he was seized with a fever which confined him to his room for several weeks. When he recovered his mind was unbalanced. He developed a mania for jumping out of windows and it became necessary to keep a close watch on him. About six months ago the fits suddenly ceased and his relatives concluded that he had recovered his sanity. days ago, when the fits returned with increased violence, and at times he had to be restrained by main force. All through yesterday he was closely guarded, but as the afternoon approached he became quieter. He sat by an open window talking to his sister, a young woman about twenty-four years old. Suddenly he arose and went into an inner room.

His sister esized the opportunity to close the window, which he had insisted should be kept open. The sound of the window rattling in the frame infuriated him to madness. He rushed into the front room, and seizing his sister, who tried to stop him, threw her to the ground, then he flung up the window and leaped out. His sister had struggled to her feet, and darting to the window caught him as he fell, and with main strength held his body suspended in midair. He rained blows on her face, and dug his nails deep into her arms until the blood flowed, but the brave girl held on until her flesh was torn away from the arms and the madman dropped to the ground. Then she fell on the floor in a sween.

Hirschberger was picked up and taken to Bellevue Hospital. He has sussained terrible internal injuries, and is likely to die.

and is likely to die.

IS THIS ANOTHER CRONIN CASE?

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF AN ENGLISH MISSIONARY IN CHICAGO. Chicago, Sept. 10.-Miss Ava, a wealthy English

woman who came to Chicago recently to raise the standard of living in the slums, is reported to the police s missing. She has been living at the home of th Rev. Dr. Belton. Last evening Miss Ava and Mrs. Bolton drove to the Catholic Church on West Twelfth-Miss Ava entered the building and Mrs. Bolton waited for her in the carriage. Miss Ava told her com panion she only intended having a few minutes' talk with the priest. Mrs. Bolton waited half an hour, and finally became alarmed when Miss Ava did not She remembered that the missionary had poken of receiving letters in which her life threatened, and feared that she had come to harm. Mrs. Bolton at once informed the police. Detectives who were sent out learned from the priest at the church that Miss Ava had called, and after minutes' conversation about religious matter had gone All attempts to gain any clew to her where abouts after that time have thus far been fruitless.

Miss Ava came to Chicago last month to carry on the work which she had acquired fame for doing in several days ago she purchased a house at No. 348 Monroe-st., but had not occupied it, Miss Ava is said to be wealthy, and has devoted time and noney to indulging her hobby for "slums." friends say her crusade against wrong has made her nany enemies who have threatened her life and

Francis Mingay and family, who are in charge of he house at No. 348 West Monroe-st., are mystified ver the sudden disappearance of Miss Ava. "Miss Ava left the house yesterday afternoon," seld Mr. Mingay A carriage was waiting at the door for her, and cannot imagine what has become of her. When she first came here she continually complained about the Catholics, and that she was afraid they would take Tuesday she received a letter, and when she read it became unusually excited. From what she said to my daughter, who waited upon her, the letter contained threats to do away with her. I heard her contained threats to do away with her. I heard her say that a bomb would be placed under the house by her enemies to blow her up. Miss Ava often said that she was wealthy, but she never displayed any money to confirm her story, and from the appearance of the rooms I hardly know whether to believe her, it seems strange that she should go to the Catholic Church and talk to the priests as she hated the religion."

NO HAZING TO BE ALLOWED AT LAPAYETTE.

Easton, Penn., Sept. 10 (Special) .- Eleven sophoopened this morning. President Warfield conducted afteropied, for it would not be tolerated. This was hazing was instigated, it is said, by two ex-members of the class. Dr. Warfield heard last evening that tax-gatherer will cease." they were endeavoring to spar on the "sophs." Word was sent to them to quit the campus. They declined to leave, and the college police were instructed to

arrest any sophomore found in the rooms of freshmen-Shortly after midnight the officials became conong them the two men who had been warned the cumpus. No violence had been offered the freshmen, and the hazes had scarcely began their work. Fills afternoon the offenders were brought before President Warfield. He took their statements, and the faculty will not on the matter to morrow. If President Warfield's views are indered the sophomores will

A TREASONABLE TEXT-BOOK IN NORTH DAKOTA.

the introduction into the public schools of a reading book containing some treasonable matter in favor of town, but everybody else who is not a rebel at heart has been rampent, and so strong has been the indignation that the book has been withdrawn. Professor Fleming, the Superirterdent of the Public Schools, selected the book as the reader for the children, and he has manifested in one way and another a good deal luminated, and red fire and skyrockets accomrending matter was. No sooner did they learn of it than they immediately pronounced their opinion in no uncertain language. The book is entitled "The Southern Student's Handbook of Selections for Reading and Oratory; by John G. James, The professor states as an excuse for his action in the matter that children should have a chance to read both sides of the question. The book is full of utterances by Southern orators championing the cause of the Rebellion.

COLLISION ON THE WEST SHORE.

Stony Point, N. Y., Sept. 9.-A special excursion train in the West Shore road ran into the rear of a freight rain last evening at this place. The special train was filled with Kingston firemen on their way to Brooklyn. The freight train had passed the station and stopped ust beyond it, and then for some reason began to back. The passenger train came down at this moment and pefore the engineer could stop it dashed into the train in front and smashed the caboose and nearly demolished two cars londed with wheat. The men in the caboose saw the locomotive of the rear train in time to jump in the demonstration. There were 500 men and

A CHILD KILLED BY CAVING PARTH.

Bridgeton, N. J., Sept. 10 (Special).-Little Sadis haw and her five-year-old companion, Johnnie Sonders, were playing this afternoon about an open trench in rman-ave., where the city water main was being laid. The pile of earth caved in, completely cover-ing Sadie, who fell on her face, while Johnnie, landing on his feet, was covered only up to his neck. The latter was taken out severely injured. The little

Indianapolis, Sept. 10.-The American Tin Plate Com-

porated under the laws of Indiana. The capital stock of the company is \$500,000. The directors are A. L. Connor and W. S. McDenald, of Akron, Ohio; M. Sieberting and W. B. Leeds, Kokomo, Ind; P. G. Reid, s about thirty years old, and was married last March. Richmond, Ind.; John T. Hosen, Cincinnati, and James

ELMIRANS CHEER THEMSELVES HOARSE FOR MR. FASSETT.

MAGNIFICENT DEMONSTRATION IN HONOR OF THE NOMINEE OF THE REPUBLICAN

PARTY AT HIS HOME-HE SPEAKS

AT THE OPERA HOUSE. 1BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Elmira, Sept. 10 .- "One thing at a time." This pregnant sentence from Mr. Fassett's speech made yesterday in accepting the nomination for Governor is the battle-cry which followed J. Sloat Fassett to-day from Rochester to Elmira, and it will follow him from Elmira to Albany. This sentiment, with its application to Governor-Senator Hill's two offices, is the keynote of the campaign, at least in so far as the Republicans and the voters of the Southern Tier are concerned, for to-day at every station where stopped the train that carried the Republican candidate for Governor between here and Rochester this timely and appropriate sentence greeted him. Its application was timely and of itself, judging from the manner in which it has been taken up, is the best sort of a platform. Old campaigners who have seen the home-coming of many a candidate for public office declare to-night that the homecoming of J. Sloat Fassett has equalled if not surpassed anything that they heretofore have seen.

The Republican candidate, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. N. P. Fassett, his wife, Mrs. Edward L. Adams, John W. Dwight, Charles A. Ball and Colonel Archie Baxter, left Rochester this afternoon to go to his home. The parlor-car in which the party travelled was the Amazon. It was not expected that there would be any demonstration along the line, but the enthusiasm of the Republicans in the Southern Tier, and the popularity of the ticket had not been counted upon. No word had been sent ahead by any of Mr. Fassett's friends that he was going home, but the railroad telegraphers flashed messages from town to town, of their own volition, announcing that the popular and magnetic young candidate was coming. It therefore took every one by surprise when the train reached Canandaigua, Ontario County, to hear a loud burst of cheering. In a moment the carawas surrounded with voters who had assembled to see and hear the Republican candidate. Mr. Fassett was taken entirely by surprise, but he immediately responded to the loud calls for him, and appeared upon the platform. When those present saw him they cheered lustily. The sentiment, "The next Governor of New-York," was received with much enthusiasm. Colonel Baxter introduced Mr. Fassett in a few words. There was much more cheering when Mr. Fassett stepped to the front of the platform.

"This is a young man's fight," he exclaimed. "If you want to, you can win it."

"We will," was the response. He told the people that this was a fight for good covernment, for good laws, for low taxes. "You have this year," he added, "the lowest tax-rate that you have had in thirty years. This is due to the work of Republicans and a Republican Legislature." There was more cheering for "the next Governor." Colonel Baxter then went forward and made a brief speech. When he said that Mr. Fassett had resigned the Collectorship and he elieved in holding one office at a time the cheering was tremendous. The train waited at Canandaigua for fifteen minutes. Mr. Fassett jumped from the car and was taken in hand by ex-Senator Hicks, who introduced him to many of those present. The remarkable feeling shown in this town for the candidate is an omen of success. young men especially seemed to take to him, and they apparently felt pround that a young man

was leading them At Penn Yan there was the same surprise. Several hundred men were at the station, and when the train stopped they cheered again and again for Mr. Fassett. Judge Struble introduced him as the greatest fighter of the State. "Three cheers for Fighter Fassett" cried one in the crowd. Three cheers and three night, and gave President Warfield, the new head of more were given. "This is a Republican State," the college, an admirable opportunity to display his Mr. Fassett began, "when the Republican vote is ability to deal with hazers. The new collegiate year polled. I leave it to you to see to It that it is polled. (Cries of 'We will do that.') The Reto touched on hazing, declaring that it must not be publican party, I believe, stands for all that is and news to the luckless "sophs," who, a few hours social and moral and political life. It has re-previous, had been caught haring freshmen. The duced the taxes, and if the same policy is pursued the perils of the State

At Hayana there was another crowd of people, and a large crowd of young men serenaded the candidate, singing to the tune of "John Brown's Body" "We'll put Sloat Fassett in the Guber-

At Horseheads there were more people. Here bands were playing and flags flying, and several hundred people boarded the train and come to Elmira to unite in the reception to Mr. Fassett.

The home-coming of J. Sloat Fassett was that of a general who had won glorious victories on the battlefield. More than that, it was the home coming of one admired, respected and beloved by his townsfolk, with whom he has lived from boyhood, and who have watched his growth from St. Paul, Sept. 10 (Special).—The people of Mandan, his first entrance into public life to his nomination N. D. have been "all torn up" this week because of for Governor. The outpouring of the people was magnificent. The enthusiasm was intense, and the exhibition of loyalty and regard was overthe Confederate cause. Not only the old soldlers of the whelming. On all sides the Republican candidate was received with great enthusiasm. Men, women and children lined the streets through which his carriage was driven from the station. Buildings were trimmed with flags, private houses were il of displeasure at its withdrawal. The members of the panied him to the hall, where he made another brilliant and telling speech in response to the in the hands of the children what the character of the welcome of his friends and fellow-citizens. If every county of the State does as well for him as Chemung will, his election is assured. Democrats, as well as Republicans, cheered themselves hourse, and both sides united in giving him a most royal welcome. His speech to-night was full of truths that struck home to them. On all sides to-night here there is only one sentiment, and that is that Elmira will have another Governor, and one who will serve the people instead of

From 10,000 to 12,000 people met Senator Fassett upon arrival at the Union Depot in this city to-night. The reception there was nothing short of an ovation. Such a one as was seldom wit nessed in this city. In the crowd were old men who have taken no active part in politics in several years, and these enthusiastically cheered the Republican nominee. It was a big night for Elmira, and the whole populace seemed to take part a brass band from Waverly. Corning sent down a delegation, and Horseheads furnished several hundred men and a band. Watkins, Havana, Pine Valley and other points north swelled the number of visitors to several thousand. A feature of the reception was the greeting given by some of the most influential Democrats in the city. The El mira Escort Club and a brass band, the Waverly Young Men's Republican Club, followed by thousands of citizens who fell into line, met and escorted the candidate and his companions from the depot through the several streets to the Opera House, where a grand massmeeting was held. Arriving at the Opera House Mr. Fassett was received with the wildest enpany, organized for the purpose of manufacturing tin plate and sheetiron, near Elwood, has been incor- on the platform were about 100 of the most prominent men in the county. Mrs. Fassett, mother of the candidate, as well as his wife and several other ladies, occupied seats upon the platform, and many other women were present in the hall. After waiting for several minutes for the